

DEBSKI, Wlodzimierz

Influence of time and temperature on the creep strength of methyl polymethacrylate. Mechanika Poznan no. 4:153-177 '62.

1. Zaklad Technologii Twerzyw Sztucznych, Centralne Laboratorium Obróbki Plastycznej, Poznan.

DEBSKI, Zygmunt

Mechanisation in a modern Czechoslovak saw-mill. Przem drzew 13 no.1:
7-8 Ja '62.

DEC, J.

The General Meeting of Delegates alone will not help. p. 8.
Vol 8, no. 51, Dec. 1955. ROLNIK SPOLDZIELCA. Warsaw, Poland.

So: Eastern European Accession. Vol 5, no. 4, April 1956

Doc. 5.

DEC, J.

Cooperation of the Rural Youth Association with the village community cooperatives.

p. 2 (Rolnik Spoldzielca) Vol. 9, No. 41, Oct. 1957, Warszawa, Poland

SO: MONTHLY INDEX OF EAST EUROPEAN ACCESSIONS (EEAI) LC, VL. 7, NO. 1, JAN. 1958

DEC, Jerzy; RAPACKI, Henryk; STARZEWSKI, Jerzy; STRONSKI, Ignacy

Automatic device for column chromatography. Nukleonika 7
no.11:734-737 '62.

1. Instytut Fizyki Jadrowej, Polska Akademia Nauk, Krakow.

DEC, Jerzy; DREJAK, Zdzislaw; RAPACKI, Henryk; SZYMCHYK, Wislawa

A safe for storing radium preparations. Nowotwory 12 no.3:261-263
'62.

1. Z Instytutu Onkologii — Oddział w Krakowie Dyrektor: doc. dr
med. H. Kolodziejska I z Instytutu Fizyki Jadrowej w Krakowie Dyrektor:
prof. dr H. Niewodniczanski.

(RADIATION PROTECTION) (RADIUM)

LUKASIK, Seweryn; DEC, Lechoslaw

The so-called athletic heart. Polskie arch. med. wewn. 39 no.1:51-58
1959.

1. Z III Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych A.M. we Wrocławiu Kierownik: prof.
dr B. Szczeklik Oddz. B--Kierownik: prof. dr Z. Wiktor. Adres autora:
Wrocław, Pasteura 4, III Klinika Chor. Wewn. A.M.
(CARDIAC ENLARGEMENT,
athletic heart (Pol))

KLISIECKI, A.; WIKTOR, Z.; PYTASZ, M.; DEC, L.

Effect of rich phosphate diets on urinary urea, ammonia and pH in normal conditions and in renal disorders. Acta physiol.polon. 11 no.5/6:774-776 '60.

(PHOSPHATES nutrition & diets)

(UREA urine)

(AMMONIA urine)

(URINE chem)

KLISIECKI, Andrzej; WIKTOR, Zdzislaw; PYTASZ, Marian; DEC, Lechoslaw

Alkalization, ammonia and urea in urine in kidney diseases. Polski tygod. lek. 16 no.52:2001-2004 25 D '61.

1. Z Zakladu Fizjologii AM we Wroclawiu; kierownik: prof. dr A.Klisiecki i z Kliniki Nefrologicznej AM we Wroclawiu; kierownik: prof. dr Z.Wiktor.

(KIDNEY DISEASES urine) (ACID BASE EQUILIBRIUM
(AMMONIA urine)

DEC. Lechoslaw

Ballistocardiogram after smoking and nitroglycerin as a diagnostic test in atherosclerosis of the coronary vessels. Polskie arch.med. wewn. 30 no.7:823-826 '60.

1. Z Kliniki Nefrologicznej Kierownik: prof. dr med. Z Wiktor
III Kliniki Chorob Wewnętrznych A.M. we Wrocławiu Kierownik:
prof. dr med. E.Szczeklik

(CORONARY DISEASE diag)

(BALLISTOCARDIOGRAPHY)

(SMOKING)

(NITRITES)

BROSS, W.; KUSTRZYCKI, A.; DEC, L.; KOLTOWSKI, R.; BROSS, T.

Electrocardiographic studies in cases of defects in the interauricular septum. Kardiologia Polska 5 no.1:13-18 '62.

1. Z II Kliniki Chirurgicznej Kierownik: prof. dr W. Bross i z
Kliniki Nefrologicznej AM we Wrocławiu Kierownik: prof. dr. Z. Wiktor.
(HEART SEPTUM abnorm) (ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY)

WIKTOR, Zdzislaw; JACYSZYN, Kazimierz; DEC, Lachoslaw

Renal calcium-phosphorus metabolism. Pol. arch. med. wewnet. 32 no.8:
1003-1010 '62.

1. Z Kliniki Nefrologicznej Kierownik: prof. dr med. Z. Wiktor III
Katedry Chorob Wewnętrznych AM we Wrocławiu Kierownik: prof. dr med.
E. Szczeklik.

(CALCIUM) (PHOSPHORUS) (KIDNEY) (KIDNEY DISEASES)

WIKTOR, Zdzislaw; DEC, Lechoslaw

Conservative therapy of acute renal failure. Pol. arch. med.
wewn. 33 no.6:693-696 '63.

(ACUTE RENAL FAILURE) (THERAPEUTICS)

194, 1944-1945

Technical notes on direct ballistocardiography and on the origin of ballistocardiographic waves according to our studies. Pol. typ. lek. 19 no.15:537-540 6 Apr '64.

1. Z Kliniki Kardiologicznej (kierownik: prof. dr. med. Stanisław Wiktor); III Katedry Chorob Wewnętrznych Akademii Medycznej we Wrocławiu (kierownik: prof. dr. med. Edward Szczeklik).

WIKTOR, Zdzisław; LEC, Lechosław

Conservative therapy of acute renal failure. Pol. tyg. lek.
19 no.11:386-389 9 Mr '64.

1. Z Kliniki Nefrologicznej Akademii Medycznej we Wrocławiu
(kierownik: prof. dr Zdzisław Wiktor).

WIKTOR, Zdzisław: DEC, Lechosław; JACYSZYN, Kazimierz

Elimination of metabolites by the Soviet artificial kidney,
model NIIEChAI 1963. Pol. arch. med. wewn. 35 no.4:525-
529 '65.

1. Z Kliniki Nefrologicznej AM we Wrocławiu (Kierownik: prof.
dr. med. Z. Wiktor).

DEC, Lechoslaw; PYTASZ, Marian

Effect of physical effort on urinary excretion of electrolytes.
Acta physiol. Pol. 16 no.3:389-400 My-Je ' 65.

1. Klinika Nefrologiczna AM we Wroclawiu (Kierownik: prof. dr.
Zdzislaw Wiktor) i Katedra Fizjologii AM we Wroclawiu (Kie-
rownik: prof. dr. A. Klisiecki).

RYBAK, Mieczyslaw, dr inż.; DEC, Tomasz, mgr inż.

Preliminary experiences concerning the use of Epitidian
3 for precast connections. Inz 1 bud 21 no. 2; 51-56 1 '64.

1. Center of Road Research and Development, Warsaw (for
Bydoh). 2. Military School of Engineering, Warsaw (for
Dec).

HOLICSKA, D., dr.; DECA, A., dr.; VAIDA, A., dr.

Contribution to the etiopathogenesis of septal otocentritis
in infants. Otorinolaringologie (Bucur) 10 no.1:5/-61
Ja-Mr'65.

1. Lucrare efectuata in cadrul Policlinicii de intreprinderi,
Cluj.

SULICA, M., Dr.; DECANOVICI, I., dr.; KOKAY, L., dr.; BUSHMAC, V., dr.

Study of the effect of natural lighting of classrooms on vision of the students. Rev. igiena microb. epiden., Bucur. Vol.3:71-78 July-Sept 55.

1. Institutul de igiena al R. P. R., filiala Cluj, sectia igiena scolara, sanepidul regional Cluj, sectia de igiena scolara, spitalul unificat de en copii Cluj, serviciul de oftalmologie.

(VISION

of school child., eff. of lighting of classrooms, survey of Rumanian students.

(ILLUMINATION

of classrooms, eff. on vision of child., survey of Rumanian students.

Decibal, Colita

DIMITRIU, C. C., Prof.; SCHACHTER, A., dr.; ~~DECIBAL, Colita, dr.;~~
KASPROVSKI, E., dr.; SEGAL, U., dr.

Results of Rauwolfia serpentina alkaloid (serpasil) therapy of
hypertensive diseases. Med. int., Bucur. 7 no.4:104-111 Oct-
Dec 55.

(HYPERTENSION, therapy
reserpine)

(RESERPINE, ther. use
hypertension)

DECEI, I.; ARLASESCU, S.

Comparative study on methods used for drawing up general tables of Rumanian
cabature. p. 599.

Vol. 70, no. 12, Dec. 1955
REVISTA PADURILOR
Bucurresti, Rumania

Source: East European Accession List. Library of Congress.
Vol. 5, No. 8, August 1956

DECEI, I.

ROMANIA / Forestry. Forest Management.

K-4

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 16, 1958, 72011.

Author : Armasescu, Sorin; Decei, Ilie.

Inst : Not given.

Title : On the Problem of the Determination of the Percentage and Volume of Oak Bark.

Orig Pub: Rev. padurilor, 1957, 71, No 6, 395-399.

Abstract: As a result of measuring 812 trees of pedunculate oak in various parts of Rumania, it was established that the thickness of the bark correlates with the diameter, independent of height measurement. For a given degree of thickness, the volume of the bark grows proportionally to the increase of the height; for a given height, the volume of bark grows in proportion to the increase of the diameter. The percent of bark from the general volume of a

Card 1/2

RU\ANIA / Forestry. Forest Management.

K-4

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 16, 1958, 72811.

Abstract: trimmed felled tree (in the bark) decreases with the increase of the diameter limit. With a change of height, an essential change of bark percentage was observed only in trees with small diameter (8-12 limit). For additional comparison, diagrams are given of bark thickness depending on the limiting diameter according to data obtained in the USSR and the RPR. -- A. Yana.

Card 2/2

26

DECEI P.

COUNTRY	: Rumania	K
CATEGORY	: Forestry. General Problems.	
ABS. JOUR.	: RZhBiol., No. 4, 1959, No. 15453	
AUTHOR	: Chirita, Const.; D. Avram, Chr.; Coman, N.; *	
INST.	: Acad.Sci. Rumanian PR	
TITLE	: Investigation and Mapping of Forest Habitats.	
ORIG. PUB.	: Bul stiint. Acad. RPR. Sec. biol. si stiinte agric., 1956, 8, No.4, 847-864	
ABSTRACT	: The number of basic taxonomic units necessary for the mapping of types of habitat are explained, and criteria are given for the determination and classification of habitats. Methods of mapping are offered with an estimated number of concrete taxonomic units taken in Rumania. Results of mapping are considered for surfaces of 30 thousand hectares in the Eastern Carpathians, and an ecological scheme is presented for types of habitat in this region. -- L.V. Nesmelov	
CARD:	1/1 * Decei, P.; Crapini, V.; Malureanu, G.; Nicolae, V.; Patrascoiu, N.; Stanciuc, Gr.	

DECHEV, D. ; KAIDZHIEV, D.

DECHEV, D. ; KAIDZHIEV, D. Breeding farm. p. 26.

Vol. 11, no. 8, Aug. 1956

KOOPERATIVNO ZEMEDELIE

AGRICULTURE

Sofia, Bulgaria

SO: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 3, March 1957

DASKALOV, Khr., akad.; STOEV, Kun'o; BOGDANOV, Vanil, st. n. sutr.;
KHRISTOV, Metodi, st. n. sutr.; KHADZHILOV, Asen A., st. nauchen
sutrudnik; DECHEV, Georgi, ml. n. sutr.; BLIZNAKOV, Georgi, prof.;
PENKOV, Boian, ml. n. sutr.; POPOV, Rumen

Science on the offensive for progress. Nauka i tekhn. mladezh 15
no.7/8:6-10, 56-57 J1-Ag '63.

1. Zam. predsedatel na ASN (for Daskalov). 2. Glaven nauchen
sekretar na ASN (for Stoev). 3. Nauchen sekretar na ASN (for
Bogdanov). 4. Institut za mekhanizatsiia na selskogo stopanstvo
(for Khristov). 5. Direktor na Instituta po neorganicheska i obshta
khimiia pri BAN (for Bliznakov). 6. Predsedatel na Komisiata za
nauka i tekhnicheski progres pri TsK na DKMS (for Popov).

DECHEV, G.

From the experience of the Georgi Kirkov Plant in Sofia in cooperating. p. 53.

TEZHKA PROMISHLENNOST. Vol. 5, no. 5, 1956

Sofia, Bulgaria

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of
Congress, Vol. 6, No. 1, January 1957

DECHEV, G.

Contribution to the study of the heat denaturation of proteins.
Izv Inst biol BAN 11:67-81 '61.

(EEAI 10:9)

(Heat) (Proteins)

DECHEV, G.; PANGELOVA, T.

The chain mechanism of excitation in plant tissues. Izv Inst biol
BAN 11:83-91 '61. (EEAI 10:9)

(Plants) (Proteins)

BECHEV, S.: BAKURDENIEVA, N.

Changes in the reaction of plant organism to the temperature after the seeds are treated with chemical substances; methods and preliminary results. p. 167.

Bulgarska akademija na naukite. Institut po biologija "Metodi Ponomov."
IZVESTIJA, BULETEN. Sofia, Bulgaria, Vol. 9, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 6, No. 12,
December 1959
Uncl.

DECHEV, G.

Polarographic determination of the connecting capacities of proteins.
Izv Inst biol BAN 10:131-153 '60. (EEAI 10:4)
(POLAROGRAPH AND POLAROGRAPHY)
(PROTEINS)

DECHEV, G.; BAKURDZHIEVA, N.

Changes in bio electric potentials in ampelopsis leaves influenced by
light. Izv Inst biol BAN 10:155-173 '60. (EEAI 10:4)

(ELECTRIC POTENTIAL)

(AMPELOPSIS VEITCHI)

(LIGHT)

(LEAVES)

DECHEN, G.

- [illegible]

DECHEV, G.

On thermal denaturation of proteins. Izv. inst. biol. Popov (Sofia)
11:67-81 '61.

(PROTEINS chem)

DECHEV, G.; MOSKONA, A.

Living cell as an open thermodynamic system. Nauka i tekhn
mladezh 16 no. 3:23-27 Apr '64.

DACHEV, G.; MOSKONA, A.

Redox potential of biological objects as result of irreversible processes in open systems. Doklady BAK 17 no.1889-1891 1961

1. Biophysicaz Laboratory at the Biological Institute, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences. Submitted by Academician G. Dachev.

DECHEV, G.; MOSKONA, A.

Possible identity of redox- and bioelectric potentials in live systems. Dokl. Bolg. akad. nauk 17 no.1:159-162 '64

1. Submitted by Academician I. Ivanouilov

DECHEV, G.; MOSKONA, A.

Possible identity of redox-and bioelectric potentials in live systems. Doklady BAN 17 no.2:159-162 '64.

1. Biophysics Laboratory at the Institute of Biology, Bulgarian Academy of Sciences. Submitted by Academician I.Emanouilov [Emanuilov, I.].

VAKLINOVA, S.; TOMOVA, N.; NIKOLOVA, E.; DECHEV, G.

Photooxidation of hydroxylamine coupled with the uptake of oxygen in isolated chloroplasts. Doklady BAN 17 no.11:1051-1054 '64.

1. Institute of Plant Physiology of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences.
Submitted July 16, 1964.

DECHEV, G.

Apropos of the redox potential in biological systems. I. Redox potential and the external environment. Izv. inst. biol. Popov (Sofia) 13:203-214 '63.

GRIGOROV, Iv.; DECHEV, G.; SLAVOVA-PETRUNOVA, Sv.

Relation of the redox potential to the synthesis of amylase
in surface cultivation of *Asp. oryzae*. *Izv. inst. biol.*
Popov (Sofia) 13:197-202 '63.

DECHIEV, G.; MOSKONA, A.

Optimum self-regulation of metabolic processes in the cell.
Scale of metabolic processes as a single optimum system.
Dokl. AN SSSR 162 no.2:447-450 My¹⁹⁶⁵. (MIRA 18:5)

I. Institut biologii Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk. Submitted
February 18, 1965.

DECHEV, G.; MOSKONA, A.

Optimal self-regulation of metabolic processes in the cell.
Metabolism as self-regulating system in the presence and
absence of feedback. Dokl. AN SSSR 162 no.3:685-687 My '65.
(MIRA 18:5)
1. Institut biologii Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk. Submitted
February 18, 1965.

DECHEV, G.; MOSKONA, A.

Optimum self-adjustment of metabolic processes in a cell. An attempt to establish a normal optimum of cell metabolism. Dokl. AN SSSR 162 no.1:201-204 My '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Institut biologii Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk. Submitted February 18, 1965.

TOMOVA, N.; DECHEV, G.; SECENSKA, M.

Light-induced consumption of molecular oxygen from isolated chloroplasts in the presence of potassium cyanide. Dokl. Bolg. akad. nauk 18 no.7:675-678 '65.

1. Submitted on April 1, 1965.

BULGARIA

DECHEV, G., TOMOVA, N., SECHENSKA, M., Institute of Plant Physiology,
Bulgarian Academy of Sciences

"The Possible Enzymatic Pathways of the Electron to the Molecular Oxygen
in Electrontransport Reactions of Photosynthesis"

Sofia, Doklady Bolgarskoy Akademii Nauk, Vol 19, No 6, 1966, pp 531-534

Abstract: [English article] According to modern concepts about electron transport during photosynthesis, the electron from the water is transferred to the physiological acceptor NADP with the help of a number of intermediary carriers. The authors establish the participation of molecular oxygen as acceptor during the oxidation of NAD-H₂ and NADP-H₂. Oxygen absorption was measured polarographically at 500 mV after the addition of 1 mg of NAD-H₂ and NADP-H₂ to 2 ml of chloroplast suspension (chlorophyll 0.45-0.45 mg per ml of suspension). The changes in the oxygen level were measured at 2 minute intervals under conditions of illumination and at 5 minutes intervals in the dark. The chloroplasts were isolated from spinach and purified in a density gradient after the simplified method of W. O. James and V. S. R. Das (New Phytologist, 58, 1957, 325). The thickness of the suspension layer was 3 mm and the intensity of illumination amounted to $100 \cdot 10^3$ erg/cm²/sec. Upon adding NAD-H₂ and NADP-H₂ to the suspension, oxygen absorption became intensified both under illumination and in darkness. An extensive discussion of the results and comparison with results of other authors is given. There are 4 Soviet and 12 Western references. (Manuscript received 10 Mar 66.)

BULGARIA

TOMOVA, N., SECHENSKA, M., DECHEV, G., Institute of Plant Physiology,
Bulgarian Academy of Science

"Phenoloxidase Activity of Spinach Chloroplasts"

Sofia, Doklady Bolgarskoy Akademii Nauk, Vol 19, No 7, 1966, pp 653-656

Abstract: [English article] It has been established that isolated chloroplasts consume molecular oxygen upon illumination. Since various attempts at a theoretical explanation of the effect have no provision for the participation of oxygen-related enzymes, the authors studied the activity of certain chloroplast phenoloxidases, their substrate specificity, and their sensitivity to inhibitors. Used were chloroplasts from spinach which show a considerable consumption of oxygen upon illumination. The spinach was cultivated in a hothouse. Young leaves were used in the experiment, and they were homogenized three times, 15 seconds each, in an ice-cooled Waring blender. The paper describes the experimental procedures and offers tables showing 1) the relative enzyme activities of the different phenoloxidases in chloroplasts from spinach; 2) the sensitivity of the phenoloxidases with regard to NaN₂ (almost no inhibiting effect) and KCN (high degree of inhibition); and 3) the influence of light on the oxidation of phenols used in suspension of intact chloroplasts. The active phenoloxidases investigated provide sufficient ground for assuming

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Sofia, Doklady Bolgarskoy Akademii Nauk, Vol 19, No 7, 1966, pp 653-656

that they offer some of the possible enzymatic pathways of the electron to the molecular O_2 in the electrontransport reactions of photosynthesis according to the diagram proposed in an earlier paper (Compt. rend. Acad. bulg. Sci., 19, 1966, No 6, 531). There are 1 Bulgarian and 11 Western references. (Manuscript received, 10 Mar 66.)

ACC NR: AP020317 SOURCE CODE: BU/0011/65/018/007/0675/0678

AUTHOR: Tomova, N.; Dochev, G.; Secenska, M.

ORG: Section of Biochemistry, Institute of Plant Physiology, BAC; Section of Biophysics, Institute of Plant Physiology, EAN

TITLE: Light-induced consumption of molecular oxygen from isolated chloroplasts in the presence of potassium cyanide

SOURCE: Bulgarska akademiya na naukite. Doklady, v. 18, no. 7, 1965, 675-678

TOPIC TAGS: chloroplast, oxygen, photosynthesis, enzyme, redox reaction, potassium compound

ABSTRACT: Isolated chloroplasts without addition of Hill's reagents consume molecular oxygen (A. N. Mechler, Arch. Biochem., 33, 1951, 65; L. S. Grishina, N. P. Voskresenskaya, Dokl. AN SSSR, 151, 1963, 452) under illumination. This absorption is intensified by the addition of certain substances. The part played by oxygen in the electron-transport reactions in isolated chloroplasts is presently investigated in close relation to photosynthetic phosphorylation. This paper reports on experiments showing that isolated spinach chloroplasts consume molecular oxygen most intensely in the presence of KCN and under illumination. Numerical results presented in the form of graphs indicate that transfer of electrons takes place with the participation

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ACC NR: AP6020317

of a number of intermediary electron carriers, enzymes included, and the specificity of the substrate of the reaction (KCN) and the high concentrations used seem to indicate that the part of "final oxidase", i.e., of a transfer This paper was presented by Academician I. Emanouiloff on 1 April 1965. Orig. art. has: 3 figures. Orig. art. in Eng. JPRS

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 01Apr65 / ORIG REF: 002 / OTH REF: 011
SOV REF: 002

DECHEV, G. D.

On the kinetics of transition into a new condition in plant
organisms. Izv Inst biol BAN 11:93-108 '61. (EEAI 10:9)

(Plants)

Dechev, G. Y.

Influence of some chemical substances and of temperature on the respiratory enzymes of bakers' yeast. A. T. Kaludzhiev and G. D. Dechev. *Compt. rend. acad. Bulg. sci.* 7, No. 2, 45-48 (1964) (English).—The influences on the leavening of the yeast are shown for KBr, morphine, caffeine, KCN, iodoacetic acid and temps. of 15-60°. The results indicate that an increase in temp. sets into motion oxidative enzyme systems which are known to occur at a higher level of chem. energy, and vice versa. J. E. L.

Dechev, G. D.

✓ The relation of cyanide-resistant respiratory enzymes to molecular and peroxide oxygen. A. T. Kalaidjiev and G. D. Dechev. *Compt. rend. acad. bulgars sci.* 7, No. 3, 61-3 (1954) (Pub. 1955) (in English).--Polarographic curves are presented showing the inhibition effect of 7.7×10^{-4} and $7.7 \times 10^{-5} M$ KCN on the O_2 and H_2O_2 consumption of 0.5% baker's yeast in a pH 7 phosphate buffer. When the hemin enzymes, oxidase and catalase, are preserved in the yeast, the consumption of O_2 and H_2O_2 drop simultaneously in a ratio of 1 to 1, but when they are inhibited with KCN the remaining enzymes, flavines and dehydrases, do not form H_2O_2 but consume it. With the addn. of KCN the reduction of the oxidizing stage stops at a certain level, while the reduction of the peroxidizing stage continues to the end; the level at which the oxidizing stage ceases is detd. by the KCN concn. and not that of the yeast. John J. Wood.

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DECHEV, G. D.

DECHEV, G. Kinetic minimums of ~~dt~~ V curve at 50 Hz in suspensions of Baker's yeasts and animal tissues.^{dt} In English. p. 63. Vol. 9, no. 1, Jan./ Mar. 1956 DOKLADY., Sofia, Bulgaria.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Vol. 6 No. 4 April 1957

PASYNSKIY, A.G.; DECHEV, G.D.

Excitation of living cells as a shift of steady state of open systems.
Izv. AN ASSR. Ser. biol. no.4:497-503 J1-Ag '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Institut biokhimii im. A.N.Bakha AN SSSR, g. Moskva i Biologicheskiy
institut Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk, g.Sofiya.
(BIOCHEMISTRY)

DECHEV, G.D.; PANGELOVA, T.K.

The chain nature of excitation in plant tissues. Biofizika 6
no. 1:40-44 '61. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Institut biologii im. M.Popova Blgarskoy AN Sof'iya.
(ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY OF PLANTS)

DECHEV, G.D.

Kinetics of the transition of plant organisms into new stationary states. Biofizika 6 no.4:440-447 '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Biologicheskiy institut Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk, Sofiya.
(ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY OF PLANTS)

DECHEV, G.D.; MOISEYEVA, L.N.; PASYNSKIY, A.G.

Role of the inhibition of enzymes by reaction products in an open system. Dokl. AN SSSR 151 no.3:725-728 J1 '63. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Institut biokhimi im. A.N.Bakha AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom A.I.Oparinym.
(Enzymes) (Inhibition (Chemistry))

DECHEV, G.D.; MOSKONA, A.I.

Reduction-oxidation potential of biological objects as a
result of irreversible processes in open systems. *Refizika*
10 no.3:490-494 '65. (MLRA 18:11)

1. Biologicheskiy institut Bolgarskoy Akademii nauk, Sofiya.
Submitted June 3, 1963.

BELOTSVETOV, A.V.; LIRTSMAN, S.M.; DECHEV, Kh.I.

Pay greater attention to the lighting of shoe factories.
Kozh.-obyv. prom. 7 no.6:4-6 Je '65. (MIRA 18:8)

ZOLGTOVICH, G. [Zolotovitch, G.]; DECEVA, R. [Decheva, R.]

Respiratory intensity of the flower of *Rosa damascena* Mill.
Doklady BAN 17 no.7:657-660 '64.

1. Experiment Station for Aromatic Plants, Kazanluk.

SOV/124-58-8-8829 D

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mekhanika, 1958, Nr 8, p 71 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Dechev, V.I.

TITLE: An Investigation of Various Flow Regimes Past Cascades of Vane Profiles in a Reversible Axial-flow-type Turbine Pump
(Issledovaniye rezhimov obtekaniya reshetok profiley obratimoy nasos-turbiny oseвого tipa)

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Technical Sciences, presented to the Khar'kovsk. politekhn. in-t (Khar'kov Polytechnic Institute), Khar'kov, 1958

ASSOCIATION: Khar'kovsk. politekhn. in-t (Khar'kov Polytechnic Institute), Khar'kov

Card 1/1

DECHEV, V.I.

Investigating pump and turbine blading in a water tunnel with
movable plates at the outlet. Sbor. trui. Lab. gidr. mash. no.7:
61-75 '58. (MIRA 12:9)
(Water tunnels) (Hydrodynamics)

26(1)

AUTHOR:

Dechev, V.I., Engineer

SOV/143-58-10-17/24

TITLE:

A Study of Reversible Pump-Turbine Blading Profiles
in a Hydrodynamic Tube

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, Energetika,
1958, Nr 10, pp 130-143 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The development of reversible motor-pump and turbine-generator units is of great importance for the USSR economy. Such units may find application at tidal power plants and at accumulating reservoirs, producing electric power during the peak load hours. Research work for calculating and designing such reversible pump-turbine units is being performed by the Khar'kovskiy politekhnicheskii institut imeni V.I. Lenina - KhPI - (Khar'kov Polytechnic Institute imeni V.I. Lenin) and by the Leningradskiy politekhnicheskii institut (Leningrad Polytechnic Institute). In this paper, the author presents the results of an investigation of several profiles of pump and turbine bladings with the purpose of recommending the best profile for

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A Study of Reversible Pump-Turbine Blading Profiles in a Hydrodynamic Tube

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planning runner models of reversible pump-turbine units. In table 1, the author presents data on four profile types which were studied at KhPI. The experimental blades were manufactured on a copying surface gridning machine according to a method suggested by Candidate of Technical Sciences V.A. Tat'kov. The author describes briefly the experimental arrangement and the hydrodynamic tube used for this purpose. In the USSR, there are presently two hydrodynamic tubes, one at VIGM, where only the characteristic of single blades are studied, while the other one is located at KhPI. The flow section of such a hydrodynamic tube was planned in 1954 at the Kafedra gidravlicheskikh mashin KhPI (Chair of Hydraulic Machinery KhPI) under the guidance of Academician AN USSR G.F. Proskura with the participation of Docent L.S. Shmuglyakov and Docent D.Ya. Aleksapol'skiy and the author of this paper. The flow section of this hydrodynamic tube is shown in figure 1. The author explains some

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experimental results and their analysis using eight graphs. The research results obtained confirm data existing in this field from a number of other authors, for example, I. Shimoyama [Ref 7]. Based on his investigations, the author arrives at the following conclusions: 1) The calculation of the runner of a reversible, axial-type pump-turbine for performing the work of a pump requires the investigation of bladings of different parameters. The experimental data presented in this article may be used for calculating such a reversible machine. 2) Profile Nr 2 may be recommended for the runner. 3) The experimental results compiled in this paper are of interest, because they were obtained in a hydrodynamic tube where the influence of the walls on the flow at the blading outlet was eliminated. There are 1 diagram, 9 graphs

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and 7 references, 5 of which are Soviet and 2 Japanese.

ASSOCIATION: Zaporozhskiy mashinostroitel'nyy institut (Zaporozhskiy Machine Building Institute) Kafedra gidravlicheskikh mashin (Chair of Hydraulic Machines)

SUBMITTED: May 19, 1958

Card 4/4

DECHEV, V.I.

Determining the coefficient of lift of pump cascades in a water
tunnel. Trudy KPI. Ser. *mesh.* 19 no. 5:191-198 '59. (MIRA 14:9)
(water tunnels)

VASSERMAN, G. M.; DECHEV, V. I., kand. tekhn. nauk; OL'YAK, V. D., kand. tekhn. nauk

Selecting efficient shape and position of air intakes in prospective makes of the "Zaporeshets" automobile. Ayt. prom. 28 no.9:23-25 S '62. (MIRA 15:10)

1. Zaporeshskiy avtozaved "Kommunar" i Zaporeshskiy mashinostroitel'nyy institut imeni V. Ya. Chubarya.

(Automobiles—Engines—Cooling)

DECHEV, V.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

Determination of the principal parameters of water-jet engines.
Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; energ. 6 no.5:103-108 My '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Zaporozhskiy mashinostroitel'nyy institut imeni V.Ya.Chubarya.
Predstavlena kafedroy teplotekhniki i gidravliki Zaporozhskogo
mashinostroitel'nogo instituta.
(Motor ships--Water-jet--Engines)

DECHER, V.I., kand. tekhn. nauk; KGB, G.U., kand. tekhn. nauk

Possibility of using air blower; soldier in small craft
building. Sidostroyeniye 30 no.10:40-42 5 16/.

(GPR 17112)

L 40250-66

ACC NR: AP6020974

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0113/66/000/003/0009/0010

AUTHOR: Vasserman, G. M.; Dechev, V. I. (Candidate of technical sciences); Ol'yak, V. D. (Candidate of technical sciences) 46
B

ORG: Zaporozhskiy "Kommunar" Automobile Plant (Zaporozhskiy avtozavod "Kommunar"); Zaporozhskiy Machine Building Institute im. V. Ya. Chubar' (Zaporozhskiy mashino-stroitel'nyy institut)

TITLE: Determining the dimensions of air scoops for rear-engine cars

SOURCE: Avtomobil'naya promyshlennost', no. 3, 1966, 9-10

TOPIC TAGS: automotive industry, air breathing engine, vehicle engine cooling system, engine cooling fan, air intake system, wind tunnel

ABSTRACT: The authors determine the dimensions for air scoops in rear-engine cars. These air scoops should be designed to use the kinetic energy of the oncoming air. This is particularly true for the case of low-cc automobiles. This type of design economizes on the energy expended by the cooling fan. An expression is given for determining the flow of air through the air scoop where the flow is maintained by the motion of the automobile through air. Once the air has reached the motor compartment, most of it is expended for cooling, and only 4-7% is used for combustion. It is assumed that pressure in the air compartment is slightly above atmospheric. If the

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UDC: 621.431.73.001.24

L-40250-66

ACC NR: AP6020974

motor compartment is not properly sealed, exhaust gases may enter the automobile. On the other hand, higher than atmospheric pressure in the motor compartment is useful from the standpoint of increased engine intake pressure, a lower power drain on the fan and better cooling system operation. An expression is given for determining the relationship between fan efficiency and crankshaft rpm. Another expression is given for determining the relationship between the speed of the automobile and crankshaft rpm. Using both of these expressions, the area of the air scoop cross section can be determined. These methods are applied to two automobiles: the ZAZ-970 and the ZAZ-966. A pressure curve was plotted from data of tests conducted in the wind tunnel at the Zaporozhskiy Machine Building Institute imeni V. Ya. Chubar' together with the average pressure factor which depends on the size and shape of the air scoop cross section. These tests were conducted on an automobile frame model. The proposed method for determining the cross section of the air scoop makes it possible to shorten experimentation on cooling systems. Computational data may be obtained from aerodynamic simulation. Selection of the proper cross section for the air scoop affects both the operating temperature of the engine and the cleanliness of the cooling air. Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 8 formulas.

SUB CODE: 21, 13/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 002

Card 42 MLP

DECHEVA, Ant. K., inzh. khim. (Kazanluk); KOICHEV, At., inzh. khim. (Kazanluk)

Separation of copper and iron from bimetallic waste. Khim i industriia
34 no.6:228-229 '62.

MASLAROV, Ivan Ang., inzh.; DECHEVA, Dimitriia Koleva, inzh.

Electronic device for automatic control of the concentration
of liquids. Radio i televiziia 12 no. 12:383 '63.

BOIZNAKOV, G.; BAKYRDZHIYEV I. [Bakurdzhiev, I.]; DUTSEVA, D.

Interaction of surface hydroxyl groups of aluminum oxide.
Doklady BAN 17 no.12:1103-1106 '64.

1. Institute of General and Inorganic Chemistry of the Bulgarian Academy of Sciences, Sofia. Submitted July 25, 1964.

DECHEVA, R.

1. The Role of the Auxiliary Political Bureau in the Fight Against Socialism and "Opportunism". Dr. M. G. Gorkin, 1st Deputy Chairman of the Scientific Department of the People's Education Committee, 1930-1931, pp. 12-20.
2. "Socialism and Dissection". Dr. J. Gorkin, 1st Deputy Chairman of the Scientific Department of the People's Education Committee, 1931-1932, pp. 17-19.
3. "The Role of the Auxiliary Political Bureau in the Fight Against Socialism and 'Opportunism'". Dr. M. G. Gorkin, 1st Deputy Chairman of the Scientific Department of the People's Education Committee, 1930-1931, pp. 12-20.
4. "The Role of the Auxiliary Political Bureau in the Fight Against Socialism and 'Opportunism'". Dr. M. G. Gorkin, 1st Deputy Chairman of the Scientific Department of the People's Education Committee, 1930-1931, pp. 12-20.

ZOLOTOVITCH, G. [Zolotivich, G.]; SECENSKA, M. [Sechenska, M.];
DECEVA, R. [Decheva, R.]

Changes in the saccharide composition and the ferment activity in
the storage of rose pollen. Doklady BAN 17 no.3:295-298 '64.

1. Experiment Station for Odoriferous Plants, Kazanluk, Bulgaria.
Vorgelegt von Akademiemitglied Chr. Daskalov [Daskalov, Khr.].

ZOLOTOVITCH, G. [Zolotovitch, G.]; KOSSEVA, D. [Koseva, D.]; DECHEVA, R.

Examining certain substances in sound and abscising flower buds
of *Rosa damascena* Mill. Doklady BAN 17 no.11:1059-1062 '64.

1. Experiment Station for Roses and Essential Oil Plants, Kazanluk.
Submitted July 11, 1964.

MOLDOVANOV, M.; DIMITROVA, St.; DECHEVA, St.

Semiconducting properties of SvTe. Fiz. tver. tela 6 no.12:
3717-3718 D '64 (MIRA 18:2)

1. Fizicheskiy fakul'tet Sofiyskogo universiteta, Narodnaya
Respublika Bolgariya.

DECHKO, B.I.; POZHARSKIY, D.S. [Pozhars'kiy, D.S.]

Ion exchange system for the purification of diffusion
juices. Leh.prom. no.1:52-53 Ja-Mr '64. (MIRA 19:1)

1.1600

41902

3/228/62/000/004/012/012

1003/1203

AUTHOR: Fel'dshteyn, E.I., Bel'kevich, B.A., and Dechko, E.M.

TITLE: Some problems of machining sintered iron-graphite powder materials

PERIODICAL: Poroshkovaya metallurgiya, no.4, 1962, 105-114

TEXT: The aim is to determine the optimum conditions for the turning of iron-graphite powder materials. The investigations were carried out on busings of the above material sintered at 1050-1100°C in an atmosphere of hydrogen. The highest turning speed was attained with cutters containing a small amount of cobalt. Materials with a "ferrite + perlite" structure are much more easily machined than materials with a perlite structure. The shapes of the cutting edge and the depth of turning are also discussed. The most suitable alloy for the manufacture of cutters for turning the above materials are T30K4 and VK3M. The V44 and VK6 alloys are considered to be the second best for this purpose. There are 10 figures and 1 table.

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S/226/62/COO/004/012/012
1003/1203

Some problems of machining sintered...

ASSOCIATION: Belorusskii politekhicheskii institut, g. Minsk (The Belorussia
Polytechnic Institute, Mink)

SUBMITTED: December 25, 1961

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L 41288-65 EWG(j)/EWP(e)/EPF(a)-2/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(i)/EPF(m)-2/EPR/EPA(-)-2/
E/EWP(o) Pub-10/Pr-4/Ps-4/Pt-10/Pu-4 WH/JG/WR

ACCESSION NR: AR5005683

S/0276/64/000/008/B096/B096

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Tekhnologiya mashinostroyeniya. Svochnyy tom, Abs. 88599

AUTHOR: Dachko, E. M.

TITLE: A study of drilling in ferrographite cermets

CITED SOURCE: Sb. Issled. v obl. mashinostr. Minsk, Vyssh. shkola, 1964, 21-29

TOPIC TAGS: cermet drilling, drill geometry, drilling program, drill advance rate, ferrographite cermet, program calculation

TRANSLATION: The author reports the results of experiments carried out to define the optimal geometric parameters for the cutting area of a drill and obtain basic data to be used in compiling drilling programs for operations on ZhG2-20⁶³ cermet with drills made from R-18 steel (drill diameters 9.7 or 2.9 mm). Disk shaped samples with an outside diameter of 50 mm, inside diameter of 14 mm, height of 6 or 15 mm and containing 1.2 to 1.4% C after sintering, had a porosity of 20-23% and Vickers hardness of 55-75. Trailing surface wear of 0.3 mm was accepted as a dullness criterion for large drills. It was established that the optimal angle at the apex

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ACCESSION NR: AR5005683

is 116° for $\phi=9.7$ mm and 100° for $\phi=2.9$ mm. The respective optimal relief angles were 10 and 20°. Max. advance, governed by cermet properties, was 0.2 mm/revolution for large drills and 0.1 for small drills (in relation to drill strength). The following expressions are given for use in calculating drilling programs:

$$V = \frac{c_p \cdot d^{0.6}}{7^{0.115} S^{0.11}} \quad (1)$$

for drills with diameters (d) of 5 to 15 mm and

$$V = \frac{c_p \cdot d^{0.6}}{7^{0.26} S^{0.175}} \quad (2)$$

for drills with $d=2 - 4.9$ mm. Twenty illustrations. Y. Esterzon.

SUB CODE: IE, MT

ENCL: 00

me
Card 2/2

DECHKO, Eduard Mikhaylovich; ROMAN, O.V., kand. tekhn. nauk,
nauchn. red.

[Machining the openings in ceramic metal parts] Obra-
botka otverstii v metallokeramicheskikh detal'akh. Minsk,
Nauka i tekhnika, 1965. 114 p. (MIHA 18:12)

DECHKO, V.M.

Comparative study of the formation of vegetative ganglia
in the head of man and cat in embryogeny. Dokl. AN BSSR 9
no.9:621-623 S '65. (MIRA 18:11)

1. Minskiy gosudarstvennyy meditsinskiy institut. Submitted
January 9, 1965.

DOBRZANSKI, Bohdan; DECHNIK, Ignacy

Comparison of different ways of taking soil samples for the determination of soil reaction and content of assimilative phosphorus and potassium. Postepy nauk roln 10 no. 2: 77-84
Mr-Apr '63.

DECI, F.

Organization and basic problems of scientific research work in the Hungarian
Meteorologic Institute. p. 3.
(Khidrologhia I Meteorologiia, No. 5, 1956, Bulgaria)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 6, June 1957, Uncl.

18766 (Czech.) Replacing Lead Cable Sheathing With Alumin-
ium. Náhrada olověných plášťů kabelů hliníkem. Zdeněk
Janku and Karel Dělín. Elektrotechnik, v. 11, Nov. 1958, p. 1
145-151.

Technical and economic aspects of using Al as a substitute;
manufacturing techniques.

40365

S/194/62/000/006/232/232
D256/D308

9.9.165

AUTHORS: Tichý, Bedřich, Děčín, Kurt, and Klika, Vilém

TITLE: Method of producing heavy-duty coax-cable

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Avtomatika i radioelektronika,
no. 6, 1962, abstract 6-8-73 ch (Czechosl. pat., kl.
21 c, 3/05, 21 a⁴, 73, no. 98454, 15.12.61)

TEXT: It is proposed to produce the insulating cord of the heavy-duty radiofrequency cable 25/90 as a hollow sleeve made of polyethylene, 30 to 32 mm outside diameter and 3 mm wall thickness. The sleeve is laid onto the inner conductor tube (20 mm ID) to form a helix with a step of 300 to 400 mm. After inserting the assembly of the inner conductor with the sleeve into the outside conductor tube (100 mm OD), warm water under pressure is circulated through the sleeve. By increasing the pressure of the water the diameter of the sleeve is increased, producing a tight fit to both the inner and the outside conductor tubes; the shape of the sleeve remaining undisturbed by cooling the water. The water is drained and after drying the sleeve, gas under excess pressure is fed provisionally
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Method of producing heavy-duty coax-... S/194/62/000/006/232/232
D256/D308

into it in order to increase the pressure of the insulation layer against the conductors when reeling the cable, and also during the transportation and assembly. The space between the conductors is kept dry by the gas escaping through the walls of the sleeve.
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

DFCIU, F.

The study of specific pressures upon the contact surface in the laminating process.

P. 567(Academia Republicii Populare Romine. Institutul de Mecanica Aplicata. STUDII SI CERCETARI DE MECANICA APLICATA. Vol. 7, no. 2, Apr./June 1956. Bucuresti, Rumania)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 2,
February 1958

DET N, P.

Considerations on cavitation coefficient of pumps.

p. 223 (Hidrotehnica. Vol. 2, no. 1, Sept./Oct. 1957. Bucuresti, Romania)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (IEEA) 10. Vol. 7, no. 2,
February 1958

DECIU, E., MITRICA, I., POPOV, M.

A boundary condition in the hydrodynamic analogy of lamination. p. 2339

Academia Republicii Populare Romine. Institutul de Mecanica Aplicata. STUDII
SI CERCETARI DE MECANICA APLICATA. Bucuresti, Rumania. Vol. 8, No. 4, 1957

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 8, Aug. 1959
Uncl.

DECIU, E.; POPOV, M.; MITRICA, I.

A comparative study of the geometric parameters of the cutting tools fitted with mineral-ceramic plates and plates on the basis of metallic carbides.
p.1077

STUDII SI CERCETARI DE MECANICA APLICATA. Academia Republicii Populare Romine
Bucuresti, Rumania
Vol. 9, no.4, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 9, no.1, Jan. 1960
Uncl.

80419

RUM/8-59-1-14/24

25.7000

AUTHORS: Popov, M., Mitrică, I., Deciu, E.

TITLE: On the Optimum Cutting Conditions With Lathe Tools Armored With Mineral Ceramic and Steel Tips

PERIODICAL: Studii si Cercetări de Mecanică Aplicată, 1959, Nr 1, pp 219 - 240 (RUM)

ABSTRACT: A comparing study of lathe tools armored with mineral ceramic tips and steel tips has been previously accomplished [Ref 1], establishing the optimum geometrical parameters in case of machining "OL-70" and "OL-60" steels. Subject article presents experiments conducted with the same steels by using "ENC₁" mineral ceramic tips (hardness: 65-74 H_{RC}) made by the Institutul de cercetări stiintifice pentru constructii, materiale de constructii si industrializarea a lemnului (Institute for Scientific Research of Constructions, Construction Materials and Industrial Processing of Wood), and "S₁" steel tips (hardness: 70-78 H_{RC}) made by Harith. Similar to the previous articles [Refs 1, 2, 3], this study is based on the tracing of the wearing off evolution. The following problems have been studied by the authors: a) Influence of feed and cutting depth on the wear of the cutting tool; b) Influence of the speed on the wear of the cutting tool; c) Influence of feed and cutting depth on the speed;

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On the Optimum Cutting Conditions With Lathe Tools Armored With Mineral Ceramic and Steel Tips

and d) Influence of the cutting parameters on the effective power.
 a) Influence of feed and cutting depth on the wear of the cutting tool: Many experiments have been conducted in order to study the influence of feed, maintaining a constant cutting speed and depth. The correlations $T = f(s)$ are presented by (Figures 1 and 2). The study of the influence of the cutting depth was established in the same way, maintaining a constant cutting speed and feed. The results are given by (Figures 3 and 4). All curves presented by (Figures 1, 2, 3, 4) can be linearized in logarithmic coordinates. b) Influence of the speed on the wear of the cutting tool: The connection between the speed and the hardness of steel tips is expressed by the formula:

$$vT^n = C_1, \quad (1).$$

This relation is valid for steel tips and mineral ceramic tips. Thus, the influence of feed and cutting depth can be neglected. The linearization of the experimental curves can be made in logarithmic coordinates in both cases. Some results with steel tips are expressed by (Figures 5 and 6) and with mineral ceramic tips by (Figures 7 and 8). The values of the "n" exponent in case of mineral ceramic tips are expressed by Table 1, which

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On the Optimum Cutting Conditions With Lathe Tools Armored With Mineral Ceramic and Steel Tips

shows that "n" depends from the processed material and the type of tip used. This maximum deviation $\Delta n_{\max}$ % of "n" against the average are given by Table 2. The effects of these deviations are reduced. For the determination of the correction coefficient K_T of the economical speed in function of the hardness, the following relation is used [Ref 3]:

$$K_T = \frac{v_T}{v_{60}} = \left(\frac{\tau}{T} \right)^n, \quad (2),$$

in which v_T is the cutting speed for a hardness of T, m/min and v_{60} the cutting speed for a hardness of 60 min, m/min. The values of the K_T coefficients are given by Table 3. The adimensional correction coefficients are determined by using the relation:

$K_T = (\tau/T)^n$, (3).
 K_T for $\tau = 50$ has the maximum error in case of "OL-60" steel, machined with S_1 tips. In case of machining "OL-60" steel with ENC₁ tips, the maximum error appears at the K_T coefficient if $\tau = -10^0$. In case of machining "OL-70" steel with S_1 tips, the K_T coefficient has the maximum error for a hardness of 120 minutes. Machining "OL-70" steel

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